Community Health Improvement Plan

2016-2020

"Together We're Building Healthier Communities-

Where We Live, Learn, Work & Play"



Vision:

"Through collaboration, cooperation and communication, individuals and organizations actively pursue the health and well-being of North Platte and the surrounding communities." This page intentionally left blank

A MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR

In the interest of continuously striving to improve the health of people in our local area, West Central District Health Department works together with many individuals, organizations, agencies, and medical providers to assess and plan for health improvement.

In 2015 and 2016, West Central District Health Department facilitated, on behalf of our community, a Community Health Assessment (CHA) utilizing a method called MAPP—Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnership. The process involved the collaboration of a cross-section of community organizations and citizens. Through this assessment, three overarching priority areas were identified as essential to the improvement of health for people in our local area. The priority areas of Community Ownership, Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services, and Healthy Lifestyles and Well-being would provide the focus of the community pulling together to develop a Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP).

The community health improvement planning began in 2016 and continues through 2017. The health planning will be a continuous process as individuals, schools, hospitals, organizations, and agencies in our communities work together to develop and carry out plans to improve the health and well-being of people in our area. Policies and programs put in place through the health improvement plan will be documented to measure the progress of improved health programming.

WCDHD wishes to thank all of those involved in both the CHA and the CHIP for their participation. Without their enthusiasm, commitment, knowledge, expertise, and time, this plan would just be a paper product, not a living, breathing plan to improve the health of people in our communities.



Shannon Vanderheiden, Executive Director West Central District Health Department

Executive Summary

West Central District Health Department and community partners collaborated in a Community Health Assessment (CHA) in 2015-2016 using the tool Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnership (MAPP). The MAPP process, as depicted in Figure 1:

- Community Themes and Strengths to invite public input into the assets and strengths in the community that could be used to improve health.
- Forces of Change to determine trends, forces, and barriers that may impact public health.
- Local Public Health Systems Assessment to rate how well the local public health system meets the Ten Essentials of Public Health
- Community Health Status Assessment to access data to determine health outcomes, health risks, and social determinants of health critical to improving health.



Figure 1 MAPP Tool

The results of the four assessments were pulled together to identify the three priority areas of community ownership, affordable and equitable access to care and services, and healthy lifestyles and well-being. A vision statement, "Through collaboration,

cooperation and communication, individuals and organizations actively pursue the health and well-being of North Platte and the surrounding communities", was also developed. The resulting Community Health Assessment was shared with the community through meetings, printed copies, and social media.

The Community Health Assessment provides the basis of the 2016-2020 Community Health Improvement Plan being developed. Teams, or workgroups, have been formed centering around the three priority areas with goals, objectives, strategies, and work plans being developed and carried out.

The 2016-2020 Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) will be an ongoing process as some workplans are carried through to fruition and while others will continue as necessary. The progress towards meeting goals and objectives will continually be evaluated and assessed for effectiveness and then continued or adapted to successfully provide programs and policies for health improvement. This document, an annual CHIP report, will be published in 2017, but the plan will continue through 2020 and longer, if needed. Further annual reports will be published through 2020 outlining programs and policies and documenting progress in health improvement.

Background Information

The coverage area of West Central District Health Department (WCDHD) includes Lincoln, Logan, McPherson, Arthur, McPherson, and Hooker counties in Nebraska. Other organizations involved in the CHA and CHIP serve communities in the southwest or western areas of Nebraska. North Platte is a hub for the rural areas in the southwest part of Nebraska. As plans and policies were developed for the CHIP, some centered on North Platte as the hub for the local area, some encompassed a wider local area, and some will serve as a pilot or model for expansion to other communities within the local area.

According to the Community Health Status Assessment, the WCDHD six-county region has a population of 38,931, with 32% of the population under the age of 24, 50.6% ages 25-64, and 17.4% over 65. 89% of the population is white, non-Hispanic. Of the 11% minority population, 7.8% are Hispanic. 11.9% of individuals in Lincoln County live in poverty, with 14% of children living in poverty. The high school graduation rate is 88%, unemployment is 3.9%, and 29% of children live in single-parent households. The leading causes of death are cancer and heart disease. Other data is outlined in the Community Health Status Assessment summary in this document.

West Central District Health Department Board of Health

We wish to acknowledge the Board of Health (BOH) for their guidance and support of the Community Health Assessment and Community Health Improvement Plan. Board of Health members participated in the CHA and provided evaluation and approval of the CHA. Additionally, BOH members have attended CHIP meetings, with some becoming involved in workgroups. The BOH completed an evaluation of the 2016-2020 CHIP at the August 2, 2017 Board meeting, providing feedback and suggestions.



"If you want to walk fast, walk alone. If you want to walk far, walk together."—African proverb

Contents

A MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR	3
Background Information	5
West Central District Health Department Board of Health	5
ASSESSMENTS	8
Force of Change Assessment	8
Local Public Health System Assessment	8
Community Themes and Strengths	9
Community Health Status Assessment	9
Determination of Priorities for Community Health Improvement	10
Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services	11
Community Ownership	11
State and National Priorities	12
Community Health Improvement Planning	13
Priority Groups Strategies, Programs, and Policies	15
PRIORITY: Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services	16
PRIORITY: Healthy Lifestyles and Well-Being	22
PRIORITY: Community Ownership	37
Multi-Priority Programs	43
Overview of 2012 Community Health Improvement Plan	45
Domestic Violence/Child Abuse	45
Access to Health Care (Dental, Mental, and Primary Care)	46
Disease Prevention and Management	46
Healthy Pregnancy/Teen Pregnancy Prevention	47
Resources	51

Community Health Improvement Plan

The process of developing a Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) begins with an assessment of the needs, assets, strengths, and health risks evident in a local area. The assessment, called a Community Health Assessment (CHA) is typically undertaken every five years by local public health departments. The CHA is facilitated by the local public health department, but involves entities involved in public health. WCDHD utilized the Mobilizing for Action Through Planning and Partnerships (MAPP), MAPP Tool Figure 1, process to plan and carry out the CHA. The Local Public Health System diagram Figure 2, depicts the organizations and agencies involved in public health and was used to invite community partners to engage in the CHA.



Figure 2 Local Public Health System Diagram

The involvement of the many organizations and agencies depicted in the diagram serves several purposes. The services provided through their programs address physical, social, mental, and behavioral health; in other words, looking at the health of the "whole person". Involving those providing services in many aspects of public health ensures the accuracy of the Community Health Assessment with a wide-ranging base of knowledge and resources. The expertise and knowledge of those involved in local public health also provides a valuable tool in developing the community health improvement plan. Inclusion of many community partners also allows those involved in community health to come together to work collaboratively on health improvement.

The Community Health Assessment (CHA) began in June through July 2015 with three of the assessments. The Forces of Change assessment, Community Themes and Strengths assessment, and Local Public Health Systems assessment were held at that time with the Community Health Status Assessment continuing into 2016.

ASSESSMENTS

Force of Change Assessment

A steering committee met together to focus on the Forces of Change Assessment (FOCA), taking an in-depth look at trends, barriers, strengths, and forces impacting health. Of special note in the Forces of Change assessment were some of the areas of concern identified as being critical needs for health improvement: lack of knowledge of services, the need for community collaboration, health risks, housing issues, and affordable wellness and recreation.

Local Public Health System Assessment

The Local Public Health Systems Assessment (LPHSA) took place in June 2016. Sixty community partners gathered to spend in-depth time examining and rating the local public health system's performance on the Ten Essential Public Health Services Figure 3.

The participants utilized a prescribed set of questions to thoroughly examine, discuss, and then rate the performance of the local public health system for each of the ten services and the standards for each service. The results of the rating are summarized in Figure 4.

Note was made of some areas receiving lower ratings, indicating areas needing improvement:

- Essential Service 1, especially as related to technology
- Essential Service 3 and standards related to health education/promotion and health communication
- Essential Service 4 and the standard related to community partnerships

Areas of strength from which to build health improvement include:

- Essential Service 2 involving diagnosis and investigation of health problems and health hazards in the community
- Essential Service 4.1 related to working with constituency
- Essential Service 6 related to the enforcement of laws and regulations that protect health and safety
- Essential Service 8, especially as related to high workforce standards and the availability of continuing education

The 10 Essential Public Health Services

(www.cdc.gov/NPHPS/essentialservices.html)

- 1. Monitor health status to identify and solve community health problems.
- 2. Diagnose and investigate health problems and health hazards in the community.
- 3. Inform, educate, and empower people about health issues.
- 4. Mobilize community partnerships and action to identify and solve health problems.
- 5. Develop policies and plans that support individual and community health efforts.
- 6. Enforce laws and regulations that protect health and ensure safety.
- Link people to needed personal health services and assure the provision of healthcare when otherwise unavailable.
- 8. Assure competent public and personal healthcare workforce.
- 9. Evaluate effectiveness, accessibility, and quality of personal and population-based health services.
- 10. Research for new insights and innovative solutions to health problems.

Figure 3 The 10 Essential Public Health Services

Community Themes and Strengths

Members of the local community had the opportunity to share insight into the local public health system in the Community Themes and Strengths Assessment (CTAS). People in the community were surveyed at community events, at a Minority Health Initiative health education class, at the Senior Center, and on the WCDHD webpage. Community members stressed the importance of nutrition and exercise and spiritual, mental, and physical wellbeing as essential to being healthy. They expressed appreciation of community and family support, family and child-friendly activities, safety, and affordable health care, and felt that the hospital and medical clinics, parks, trail system, Recreation Center, Platte River Fitness series, and outdoor activities were assets in the community for improving health.

Community Health Status Assessment

A variety of data sources were accessed to provide an in-depth assessment of health factors in the local area for the Community Health Status Assessment (CHSA). The U.S. Census, 2013 County Health Rankings, 2013 Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, National Data, the 2013 Nebraska Youth Risk Behavior survey, Great Plains Health 2013 Community Health Needs Assessment, Nebraska Health Disparities Executive Report, and other sources were used to compile data on the health status of people in the area. Data related to age, race, ethnicity, gender, employment, income levels, health risks, health behaviors, and rankings of local health measures as compared to state and national behaviors was gathered. Some areas of concern were noted: an 11.9% poverty rate, a 38%-43% free/reduced lunch eligibility for children in the WCDHD district counties, a Health Outcome ranking for Lincoln County of 66th out of 79 counties with poor rankings in Quality of Life, Health Behaviors, and Social and Economic Factors, high incidence of high blood pressure, diabetes deaths, and cancer deaths, high rates of obesity, and low birth weight births higher than the norm.

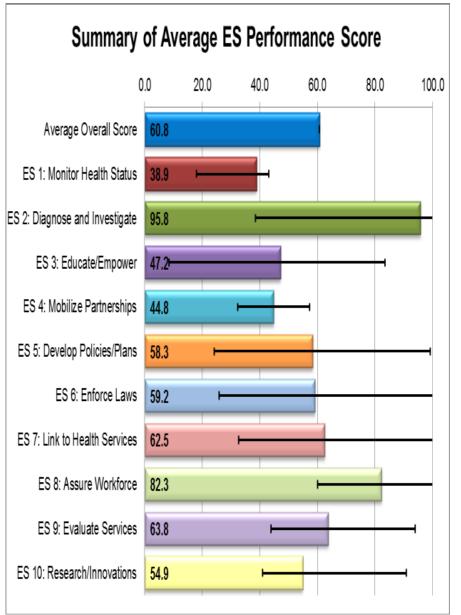


Figure 4 Summary of Average Essential Service Performance Scores

Visioning

With an examination of the four assessments, the steering committee selected three areas of highest priority for improving health. An overarching shared vision for the 2016-2020 CHIP was also developed with a vision statement written and approved.

The Vision Statement: Through collaboration, cooperation and communication, individuals and organizations actively pursue the health and well-being of North Platte and the surrounding communities.

Determination of Priorities for Community Health Improvement

The results of the Community Health Assessment were examined by steering committee members and WCDHD staff to determine the highest priorities to be addressed for health improvement planning. Key points for each assessment were summarized and conclusions drawn from those key points to determine areas of highest need. From the assessment results and key points, three high priority areas were chosen. The priority areas and assessment results pointing to the importance of the priorities are summarized in the Table 1, Table 2, & Table 3 below.

Forces of Change Assessment	Community Themes and	Local Public Health	Community Health Status Assessment
	Strengths Assessment	Systems Assessment	
<i>Trends</i> – lack of resources, rising rates of obesity, smoking, asthma, housing	Being healthy – Eating healthy,	Strengths – Essential Service	Unemployment rate -2.9% , Children living in
issues	exercise, spiritual/mental/physical well-	(ES) 2.1 Identifying health issues, ES 2.2 Emergency	poverty 19%, Students eligible for free-reduced meals-Lincoln – 40%, Logan – 38%, Hooker –
Barriers - lack of funding, lack of	being, being active	response and planning, ES 8	43%, Thomas 41%
knowledge about resources,	Important in community-	Competent healthcare workers,	Rates higher than state average:
infrastructure	Community support, family-	ES 7.1 Personal health care	Poor or fair health -15%
Occurring Forces – political interest in	and kid-friendly activities,	Areas of concern – ES 1.2	Low birthweight -8.4%,
nutrition and physical activity,	safety, clean parks, Fitness	Technology, ES 4.2 Community	Adult smoking -19%, Adult obesity -32%,
economic issues, blighted areas	Series, trail system	partnerships, ES 3.2 Health	Physical inactivity -28%
<i>Health Equity Support</i> – services in all areas of the community, a projected	Improving health in our community – Good hospitals	communication, ES 3.1 Health promotion/education	Preventable hospital stays 78 (of 1000 Medicare patients), No health care coverage -15.3 %
North Platte Wellness plan, affordable	and clinics, parks, trail system,		Leading causes of death: #1 Heart disease, #2
recreation	Rec Center, pools, 5K events,		Cancer
	outdoor activities		High blood pressure – 34.7%, Cigarette smoking- 24.5%

Healthy Lifestyles and Well-being

Table 1 Healthy Lifestyles & Wellbeing Results

Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services

Forces of Change Assessment	Community Themes and	Local Public Health Systems	Community Health Status
	Strengths Assessment	Assessment	Assessment
Trends – declining pool of resources, preventative hospital stays, inappropriate emergency room use, declining housing stock Barriers – lack of resources and funding, lack of knowledge about services and resources Occurring forces – Affordable Care Act, lack of funding in rural areas, growing health care community, dental and health clinic at WCDHD, economic factors, technology Health equity support – services needed in all areas of the community, education needed about resources, Affordable Care Act, partnerships	Important to good health – Eating healthy, exercise, spiritual/mental/physical well- being Important in the community for health-Community support, housing, affordable health care, good hospitals and medical providers Improving health in our community – Good hospital and clinics, affordable recreation and health activities	Strengths – ES 2.1 The ability and knowledge to diagnose and investigate health problems and health hazards in the community, ES 8.2 A competent healthcare workforce Areas of concern – ES 3.2 Inform, educate, and empower people about health issues, ES 3.1 Health education and promotion, ES 5.1 governmental laws and policies, ES 4.2 Community working together	11.9% of individuals living in poverty, 38%-43% of students in WCDHD area schools eligible for free/reduced school lunches, County Health Rankings – Lincoln County Health Outcomes 66 th out of 79, County Health Ranking concerns – 15% poor health, 11% uninsured, 19% no high school education, 19% children in poverty, 11.9% unable to see a doctor due to cost, visited a dentist/doctor in past year 60.3%, met physical activity recommendation 54.1%

Table 2 Affordable and Equitable Access to Careand Services Results

Community Ownership

Forces of Change Assessment	Community Themes	Local Public Health Systems	Community Health Status
	and Strengths	Assessment	Assessment
	Assessment		
Trends – Knowledge of services,	Important to the health of the	Strengths –	County Health Rankings –
collaboration, and cooperation	<i>community</i> -Community	Essential Service 6.3- Enforcement of laws,	Uninsured – 11%
needed	support, community	E. S. 5.4 – development of emergency	Preventable hospital stays – 78 (of 100
Barriers – Lack of community	collaboration,	plans,	Medicare patients) compared to
involvement, lack of collaboration,	communication between	E. S. 8 – A competent public and personal	Nebraska rate of 65
lack of knowledge about resources,	agencies and organizations	healthcare workforce	Primary care physicians 1727:1
agencies, and users of services	Important for good health –	Areas of concern-	(Nebraska rate 1413:1)
Health Equity Support-Collective	Nutrition and physical activity	E. S. 4 – Mobilize partnerships, 4.2 –	Dentists -2015:1 (Nebraska rate
impact, education about resources		Community partnerships	1625:1)
		E. S. 1.3 – maintaining population health	Poor or fair health – 15% (Nebraska
		registries	12%)
		E. S. 5-Development of policies and plans	

Table 3 Community Ownership Results

State and National Priorities

According to National Guidance, Healthy People 2020 and Nebraska's State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP) priorities were utilized in the planning of the CHA and CHIP process.

The Nebraska SHIP priorities are:

- Obesity
- Health Equity
- Depression and Suicide
- Integrated Health System
- Healthcare Utilization and Access



Of significance are the close alignment of the SHIP priorities with the priorities determined for the local CHIP. Obesity and mental health will be addressed in the CHIP priority of Healthy Lifestyles and Well-being, health equity and healthcare utilization and access will be addressed in the CHIP priority of Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services, and healthy systems integration will be part of the development of community collaboration in the Community Ownership priority.

The leading health indications for Healthy People 2020 include the following twelve topics:

- Access to Health Services
- Clinical Preventive Services
- Environmental Quality
- Injury and Violence
- Maternal, Infant, and Child Health
- Mental Health
- Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity
- Oral Health
- Reproductive and Sexual Health
- Social Determinants
- Substance Abuse
- Tobacco



Many of these topics additionally align with the local Community Health Improvement Plan and the indicators considered in developing local programs and policies. For more information about Healthy People 2020, access the website <u>www.healthypeople.gov</u>.

Community Health Improvement Planning

A Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) is defined by the National Association of County & City Health Officials (NACCHO), "A community health improvement plan is a long-term, systematic effort to address public health problems based on the results of community health assessment activities and the community health improvement process. This plan is used by health and other governmental education and human service agencies, in collaboration with community partners, to set priorities and coordinate and target resources. A community health improvement plan is critical for developing policies and defining actions to target efforts that promote health. It should define the vision for the health of the community....to improve the health status of that community."

The development of the CHIP utilized the collective impact model to provide a structured process for stakeholders to establish a common agenda to address specific issues with a collaborative approach. The collective impact model, depicted in Figure 5, has five key elements: a common agenda, shared measurement, mutually reinforcing activities, continuous communication, and a backbone organization.

 \geq





- Common agenda The desire of those involved in planning and implementation to collaborate to improve the health of people in our local area
- Shared measurement The question "How well did we do?" provides the simple basis of measuring the results of each program to show its impact on local public health. Much of the data will be documented in the Performance Management Dashboard, an online tool used to measure and illustrate progress of programs and policies.
- Mutually reinforcing activities Community partners collaborate to implement programs and policies, utilizing the knowledge, expertise, and experience of those involved.
- Continuous communication Communication of goals, objectives, action plans, and results will allow for further collaboration, but also to share knowledge of available programs and resources with those being served.
- Backbone support WCDHD will coordinate the CHIP process with the assistance of community partners and stakeholders involved.

With the Community Health Assessment (CHA) completed and priorities identified, the community health improvement planning (CHIP) process began. Some workgroups began meeting in 2016, with others formed throughout 2017. Workgroups centering on the different priorities met at various dates and locations throughout 2016 and 2017. A large group CHIP meeting of all groups was held on January 25, 2017 at the Best Western Plus conference room in North Platte. At that meeting, the final published report of the Community Health Assessment was shared and distributed. Forty participants were present and educated about the CHA results, the CHIP process, and tools to use in developing workplans and reporting results. Tools introduced included a demonstration of the Performance Dashboard, an electronic data collection system, and templates for reports, workplans, a collaboration multiplier, as well as tips for setting up and holding workgroup planning sessions. Participants also spent time brainstorming suggestions for each priority area. Those not already part of a workgroup was invited to join one, chairpersons were determined, and dates and locations of meetings determined.

Those groups met at various times and locations through the next three months and convened again on April 26, 2017. At that time, the workgroups each had the opportunity to provide a report of the progress of their workgroup. Participants also spent time sharing ideas for resources, organizations, people, and funding opportunities which might be of benefit to each group.



The next quarterly CHIP meeting was held on July 26, 2017. This 2016-2020 CHIP report documents CHIP work as developed, implemented, and completed through the end of July 2017. Participants evaluated several programs which had already been put in place through the CHIP process, as well as several being developed. The programs were evaluated for feasibility, value, effectiveness, and for available resources for implementation. A worksheet to be used in writing workplans was completed for those programs deemed worthy of continuation, as well as other programs under consideration. Participants also received a Result-Based Accountability Guide to use to help guide decisions made, set plans and timelines, involve partners, and document results.

A final quarterly meeting was held on October 25, 2017. The agenda for the meeting provided review of progress of programs and, also, the opportunity for resource building as participants shared suggestions and possible resources and organizations to be involved in future program planning.

Annual meetings will be held through 2021 to report on progress, evaluate the success of programs, adapt as necessary, and possibly develop further programs to meet priorities. After the final meeting in 2021, a final CHIP report will be compiled and distributed. Workgroups will continue to meet as necessary to carry out the strategies developed. Reports for meetings, results, and communication of programs will be collected as they occur.

Priority Groups Strategies, Programs, and Policies

Throughout the CHIP process, workplans were developed to outline the programs and needed policy changes for betterment of population health across programs and across the community. Upon determining the three areas of highest priority for community health improvement, statements were composed for each priority to set guidelines for community health improvement planning (Figure 6).

Community Ownership - leads to collaboration and engagement to protect and promote health and well-being.

> Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services - Quality healthcare and equitable opportunties are accessible, affordable and provided for all to develop and live life to the fullest potential.

> > Healthy Lifestyles and Well-Being - Utilizing partnerships and education in an approach to seek health solutions for all ages and make available recreational and education resources to promote a healthy lifestyle.

Figure 6 Community Priorities

WCDHD shares knowledge and expertise on current public health, evidence-based interventions, and promising practices that are required to assist, influence, and develop public health policies by collecting and sharing community and population data. This information provides knowledge concerning the need for potential or current impact, need for change of policies and practices, is shared with governing entities, elected officials, governmental departments, and others set policies and practices that have public health implications. The workplans were developed by these community priority groups to be implemented for the goal of ensuring all children, families, and communities achieve the highest quality of wellbeing. Priority group workplan objectives and strategies to accomplish this are in process or completed, and some will continue through the life of this CHIP. The results of the work accomplished thus far has been documented; many of the results collected and entered in the Performance Management Dashboard to better track progress, measure improvement, and illustrate results. The Performance Management system "Clear Impact" Dashboard is an online tool used for measuring and reporting performance and illustrate results of programs. Reporting and documentation applicable to each program is provided in the following workplans.

PRIORITY: Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services

School Dental Health

Strategic Issue: Improving the health and wellness of the most vulnerable youth in the North Platte School District **Gaps/Barriers**: At the end of the 2nd quarter of the 2016-2017 school year, North Platte Public Schools had approximately 20% of the students with more than 5 absences from school. 87.5% of absenteeism at NPPS was related to illness. With 40.6% of the students enrolled in Medicaid or uninsured, and a free and reduced lunch rate of 48%, access to health care due to affordability may be an underlying cause for absenteeism due to illness. (Table 4)



Involved community members: Ron Hanson (NPPSD), Shannon Vanderheiden (WCDHD), Dwight Livingston (North Platte Mayor), Stuart Simpson (NPPSD), North Platte Public School District nurses

Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/Nebraska Community Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators/ Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
Community Health Status	NPPSD and	1.By Oct. 2017, NPPSD school	To be	Ron Hanson,	
Assessment-19.3% of children in	WCDHD will plan,	administrators, school nurses, and	determined	Stuart Simpson, a	"Preventing Dental
Lincoln County live in poverty,	develop, and	elementary principals will develop an		school nurse	Caries Through School-
for 2012 40% of children are	implement an	implementation plan.		representative,	Based Sealant
eligible for free/reduced school	action plan to	2.By Dec. 2017 WCDHD will plan and		and Shannon	Programs: Updated
meals, for 2014 17.6% of adults	provide dental	coordinate dental care services for the		Vanderheiden	Recommendations and
had no health care coverage	care to NPPSD K-5	NPPSD elementary schools.		meet to debrief	Review of Evidence,"
Healthy People 2020-Oral Health	students, with	3.By January 2018 dental care service		plan of action	Journal of the American
(OH) priority—improve access	dental care to	has been provided to NPPSD K-5		and plan next	Dental Association,
to preventive services and	include cleaning,	students.		dental care	November 2009,
dental care	fluoride and	4. By May 2018 all vulnerable/at-risk K-		service date.	
OH -1 Reduce the proportion of	sealant treatment	5 NPPSD students have access to dental			
children and adolescents who		care and needs have been addressed,		June 2018	The Association of State
have dental caries		to include cleaning and fluoride and		Progress Report	and Territorial Dental
OH-8 Baseline 30.2% of children		sealant treatment		 Report of 	Directors' (ASTDD) <u>Best</u>
and adolescents received		5.By August 2018, WCDHD, NPPSD		number of	Practice Approach:
preventive dental service in		administrators, and school nurses, will		students served	<u>School-based Dental</u>
2007, target 33.2%.		meet to establish plan and coordination		and services	<u>Sealant Programs</u>
		of dental care services for the 2018-		provided.	
		2019 school year.			

Table 4 School Dental Workplan

North Platte Housing Taskforce

Policy: North Platte Housing Taskforce: Mobile home codes had been set and enforced following the 2012 Housing Quality Taskforce. While improvements have been made in mobile home housing, with some mobile homes demolished and codes set for any mobile home to be placed in North Platte, concerns were raised with substandard permanent housing in North Platte. The Housing Taskforce was tasked with addressing the issue and began meeting monthly in May 2016. Issues raised included unsafe housing, housing that contributed to health issues, school absences due to housing problems, mold conditions impacting health, environmental issues, and substandard housing reducing property values in neighborhoods.

Agenda items for the taskforce have included examination of the model of the Hastings, Nebraska Neighborhood Enforcement Action Team, coordination of city, fire department, and law enforcement, review of North Platte's code, legal aspects of code enforcement, determination of responsibility for enforcement, development of a power point outlining issues and suggestions for policy change and plans to share information publicly. Policy change by the City of North Platte will be sought to implement the new code and enforcement policies.



Strategic Issue: The improvement of health through improvement of housing standards (Table 5)

Current reality: With health concerns for those living in substandard mobile homes, codes for mobile home housing and an enforcement policy for those codes was enacted by the City of North Platte in 2014. The result was the condemnation of some mobile homes, improvement of others, and the refusal of some mobile home planned for moving in to North Platte. With the mobile home codes and enforcement deemed a success in improving housing and resultant health, this taskforce was formed to build on the mobile home program to include substandard housing.

Involved community members: Norm Franken (City of North Platte), Judy Clark (North Platte Development), Dave Hahn (City of North Platte), Nancy Striebel (Lincoln County Development Corporation), George Lewis (North Platte Fire Department), Gary Person (North Platte Chamber of Commerce), Jim Paloucek (attorney), David Pederson (attorney), Jeff Eastman (Legal Aid of Nebraska), Judy Pederson, Shannon Vanderheiden (WCDHD), Janet Livingston (WCDHD).

Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/Nebraska Community Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators/Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
CHA – Forces of Change – Trend – declining housing stock CHA – Local Public Health Systems Assessment- Need for community partnerships (Essential Service 4.2), Governmental presence in	1.A plan will be put in place by December 31, 2018 to set housing standards and present them to North Platte city officials and City Council.	1.Improve housing by setting standards for housing	 Housing standards 	 Housing standards revised Housing standards 	National Center for Healthy Housing and American Public Health Association, "National Healthy Housing Standard", 2014
developing policies/plans (Essential Service 5.1) 2017 County Health Rankings – Lincoln County-13% with severe housing problems, 11.9% of individuals living in poverty U.S. Census - Median housing	2.A policy will be written and put in place by June 30, 2018 to provide enforcement of housing codes.	2.Approval by North Platte City Council of housing standards Improve housing by enforcing housing codes.	2. City Housing Codes	approved by City Council 2.Policy of code enforcement set and approved	
age in Lincoln county 47, compared to U.S. median of 37 <i>BRFSS</i> – 10.0% have asthma compared to Nebraska rate of 7.3%	3.Housing inspections as necessary and resulting enforcement will begin by June 30, 2018.	3. Housing determined to be possibly substandard will be inspected and steps taken as necessary to ensure improvement.	3. Housing Inspections	3.Number of houses with improvements made	
				3.Number of houses demolished due to unsafe living conditions	

Table 5 North Platte Housing Taskforce Workplan

West Central District Health Department Public Health Clinic

Quality healthcare and equitable opportunities are accessible, affordable, and provided for all to develop and live life to the fullest potential.



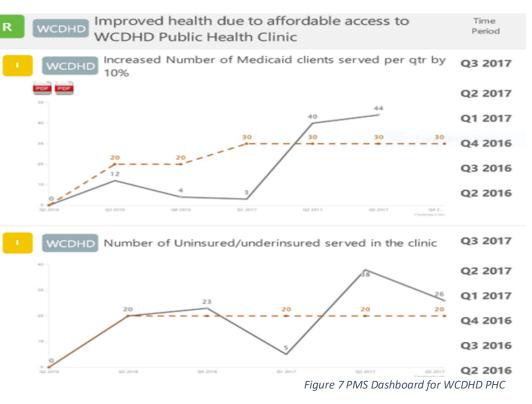
Strategic Issue: Improved access to care through the provision of a public health clinic with a focus on individuals who have Medicaid coverage or lack healthcare coverage to address the number of people unable to see a provider due to healthcare cost (Figure 7). See Table 6 for the workplan.

Current reality: Services available to make access to care more affordable: WCDHD Public Health Clinic has been established. The WCDHD Dental Clinic is ongoing. Great Plains Health is instituting a Clinical Integration/ transitional care program.

Gaps/barriers: A number of gaps and barriers were determined including: Lack of knowledge of services, ability to access services, technology, transportation, health literacy, education about needs for services, language barriers, where to go for assistance with getting aid for services, income guidelines, Medicaid guidelines, insurance costs, high deductibles, medical providers for those that cannot afford healthcare coverage, insurance payer mix for providers refusing additional Medicaid patients, competition in the medical and dental community, political differences.

Involved community members: GP Health: Ivan Mitchell, Howard Shaw, MD, Lori Schoenholz, Jo DiMarco, Nan Hynes, Barb Eshleman, Local provider: Dr. Emily Jones, MD, North Platte School District: Ron Hanson, West Central District Health Department: Shannon Vanderheiden, Sally Brecks, Angela Brown

Community members to engage: Community Action Partnerships, DHHS – Medicaid, Community Ownership workgroup WCDHD utilizes *Every Woman Matters* program, Susan G. Komen Great Plains funding for breast cancer awareness and screenings, Health Hub screenings, and the *AmeriCares* program for medication assistance for resources for service in the public health clinic. Dr. Emily Jones serves as a volunteer physician one morning a week. From July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017, Dr. Emily Jones has seen over 117 patients in the public health clinic. With 52% of the patients uninsured, the need for a public health clinic is essential to the priority of meeting the health needs of all in the community.



Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/Nebraska Community Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators/ Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
 CHA Assessment – 13% unable to see a doctor due to cost (BRFSS), 11.9% individuals in Lincoln County living in poverty (CDC) County Health Rankings – Ration of primary care physicians to population 1719:1 compared to NE rate of 1405:1. Healthy people 2020: State Health Improvement Plan: 1 in 5 adults report no primary care provider, 1 in 8 adults report that cost prevented needed care in past year SHIP priorities – Priority -Integration: Nebraska will have an integrated health system that values public health as an essential partner. Priority – Utilization/Access – Nebraskans will experience improved utilization and access to healthcare services. Healthy People 2020: Accessible Health Services – AHS-5: Increase the proportion of persons who have a specific source of ongoing care 	Improved health through affordable access to WCDHD Public Health Clinic.	Increase the number of people who receive services at WCDHD public health Clinic to a minimal of 30% Medicaid.	1.Identify and qualify clients for a reduced rate. 2.Provide healthcare to all Medicaid clients who access the WCDHD public health clinic	Number of Medicaid and uninsured people served	Healthy People 2020, "Public Health Infrastructure" American Public Health Association, "Six Components Necessary for Effective Public Health Program Implementation", Jan. 2014
No Health Care Coverage:CHA Assessment – No health care coverage 19.4%compared to NE rate of 17.6%County Health Rankings:Baseline: 15.2% in 2012; 14.4% in 2014 peopleunable to obtain necessary health careHealth people 2020:target: reduce to 9%Baseline 10% of people unable to obtain necessaryhealth care.Increase the number of proportion of persons withMedical insurance from 89.4% to 100%. (AHS-6 &AHS-1)State Health Improvement Plan:_Priority Utilizationand Access: Improved health outcomesto increaseutilization of preventive service, integration efforts,enhanced provider and system partnerships	Referrals to qualified agencies who can assist with clients with enrolling in healthcare coverage.	Provide resource list to all clients who are uninsured, including information about Network of Care service directory website. Community Health Worker will follow- up with all uninsured clients to determine needs. Refer all uninsured clients to appropriate services.	Referral of those without insurance to other community resources	Number of referrals	Center for Disease Control, "Addressing Chronic Disease through Community Health Workers", April 2015 Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, "Outcomes of Community Health Worker Interventions", June 2009

Table 6 WCDHD PHC Workplan

Telehealth

Program: Telehealth is used to some extent to provide medical and mental health services. The use of Telehealth in rural areas and in the school setting is being researched for use and implementation in the local area.

Strategic Issue: How can the mental, behavioral, and physical health of children in schools be quickly assessed and need determined? How can health care be extended to rural areas?

Current reality: With technology advances, Telehealth may be a means of providing easier access to health care. The Nebraska Legislature passed LB 92 requiring insurers to provide Telehealth coverage.

Involved community members: Ronda Haumann (Board of Health), Dr. Ron



Hanson (North Platte Public Schools), Lori Schoenholz (Great Plains Health), Molly O'Holleran (Nebraska Board of Education), Shannon Vanderheiden (WCDHD), Janet Livingston (WCDHD), Maria Lein (WCDHD)

Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/ Nebraska State Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators/Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
CHA – Forces of Change –	The workgroup will	By June 2018, the	To be determined	A report on the	Community Guide:
Technology for access of	investigate the	workgroup will investigate		feasibility of	"Promoting Health
delivery of information and	feasibility of the use of	the feasibility for the use of		Telehealth use in	Equity through
treatment, including	Telehealth for providing	Telehealth in school settings		both the school	Education Programs and
Telehealth	medical and mental	and rural settings.		setting and in rural	Policies in School-based
Local Public Health Systems	health services for			areas.	health Centers"
Assessment – Essential	schools and rural areas.	If the feasibility proves that			
Service 1.2 – Use of		the pursuit of Telehealth			
technology-low performance	If Telehealth is found to	would be worthwhile in		A report on the	
score	be feasible,	improving access to care,		establishment of	
Community Health Status	investigation will begin	the workgroup will		Telehealth in	
Assessment-Rate of primary	for the steps to	determine next steps to put		schools and in rural	
care physicians to population	implement the program.	Telehealth in place in		areas.	
1719:1, dentists 1897:1		schools and/or rural areas in			
		the local area.			

Table 7 Telehealth Workplan

PRIORITY: Healthy Lifestyles and Well-Being



North Platte Area Wellness & Recreation Alliance

Program: The Alliance began meeting in the summer of 2016 as part of the Mayor's wellness committee with the purpose of improving wellness opportunities in North Platte. Working committees were formed and began setting and implementing strategic plans. The Trails committee identified gaps in the current Trails System, as well as to complete connections to Lake Maloney and Indian Hills. The committee has succeeded in filling some of the gaps, as well as continued work on completing others. The Coordination and Awareness committee has developed plans to publicize and provide information about activities and facilities. One step taken was the website www.playnorthplatte.com and the group is also working on funding efforts. Other committees are working on reviewing the improvement of current recreation facilities, with a review completed and with planning and funding

in the development stages. The North Platte Parks, Recreation and Wellness Foundation has been established to collect and disburse funds. The Healthy Living Committee has centered its efforts on improving the health and wellness of school students. The first step has been planning for provision of dental care for school students and is outlined in Table 4 above under Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services.

Strategic Issue: Building a healthy community by studying, advocating, and recommending wellness and recreation enhancement and opportunities, while seeking collaboration of volunteer and financial support

Involved community members: Mayor Dwight Livingston, Bob Barr Lisa Burke, Shae Caldwell, Kevin Dodson, Ron Hanson, Jim Hawks, Brian Hope, Fiona Libsack, Megan McGown, Danielle Remus, Jim Nisley, Ray Morrissette, Doug Martin, Jamie Peters, Leland Poppe, Richard Raska, Amy Stefka, Eric Seacrest, Shannon Vanderheiden, Treg Vyzourek, Courtney Fegter

Thanks to Mayor Dwight Livingston for his leadership in recognizing and addressing the need for improved wellness and recreation for North Platte community members.



Photo: Mayor Livingston

Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/Nebraska State Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators/ Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
CHA-Forces of Change – Rising rates of obesity a concern, Affordable wellness/recreation a way to reinforce health equity. CHA-Community Themes and Strengths – Exercise, physical well-being, family- and child-friendly activities, bike/walking trails, Fitness Series, healthy activities, outdoor activities important to the community Healthy People 2020: PA-2 Increase the proportion who meet current federal physical activity guidelines for aerobic physical activity and for muscle- strengthening activity	Improve the North Platte Trails System	 1.Identify and fill gaps in the current trail system, prioritizing gaps with plans to complete the first 5 gaps by end of 2018. 2.A connection will be created from the UNL Research Center to the outlet park at Lake Maloney by Sept. 2017. 3.A connection will be created from Buffalo Bill/State Farm to the existing trail east of Indian Hills by Sept. 2017. 	To be determined	 Gaps identified, work completed in filling the gaps, plans made to continue meeting priorities and 3. Completion and public use of trail connection. 	The Community Guide, "Physical Activity: Creating or Improving Places for Physical Activity", May 2001 The Community Guide, "Physical Activity: Community-Wide Campaigns", Feb. 2001.
CHA-Forces of Change-Knowledge of services needed <i>Community Themes and Strengths</i> - Communication/collaboration important to community <i>Community Health Status Assessment</i> - Physical inactivity 28% for Lincoln Co, 25% for Nebraska, High blood pressure – 34.7% WCDHD area, 30.3% Nebraska. Obesity 32.5% Nebraska, 30.3% Nebraska <i>SHIP – Priority – Obesity –</i> Reduction in obesity among children, adults, and minority populations, decrease in associated chronic diseases and related healthcare costs.	Publicize, promote, and provide information about activities and facilities to residents and visitors.	 1.Set up the website www.playnorthplatte.com to publicize, promote, and provide information about activities and facilities to residents and visitors. 2.Utilize a wide variety of social media to improve awareness of the website. 3.Expand usage of the website by expanding the number accessing the website, adding information, increasing partnerships, and securing funding for efforts. 	To be determined	 Website developed and in use. Track website analytics to show growth in usage. Increased partnerships, use of website, information added, funds received. 	
CHA: CTAS-Expanding Cody Park and other parks important to community SHIP: Priority – Obesity – Environmental supports that increase access to and promote physical activity and nutrition	Review current and potential facilities for building, improvement, and funding	 1.Set plans to improve the Recreation Center a. Rec Center Tour by July 2017 b. Visioning session with stakeholders by Oct. 2017 c. Develop cost estimate by Sept. 2017 d. Review funding options by Oct. 2017 	To be determined	1.aCompleted tours b. Meeting held c. Review of engineering study d. and e. Plan in place f. List created	The Community Guide, "Physical Activity: Creating or Improving Places for Physical Activity", May 2001

	 e. Create a plan and funding process by Jan. 2018 f. Identify volunteer fundraisers by Jan. 2018 2.a. Identify other recreational facility priorities by Dec. 2017 with needs prioritized. b. Follow above guidelines. 		2.a. List of facilities needing improved and prioritized for need	
Build the financial resources fo wellness and recreation enhancemer and developmen through the North Platte Parks, Recreation a Wellness Foundation	establish formal entity, and promotion of the Foundation by Qtr. 1 2017. 2.Identify funding sources for potential projects a. Listing sources and volunteers ongoing through the project b. Consider ½ cent sales tax ballot measure by Qtr. 4 2017	To be determined	 1.Foundation formed and promoted. 2. Listing of possible funding sources and volunteers b. Sales tax inclusion on ballot c. Partnerships established. 3. Establishment of funds. Policy and procedure in 	
	3.Establish a way for the Alliance to raise ongoing through the project and receive funds.		place to deposit and access funds.	

Table 8 North Platte Wellness and recreation Alliance Workplan

North Platte Parks, Recreation & Wellness Foundation Fund

Fund Administered by

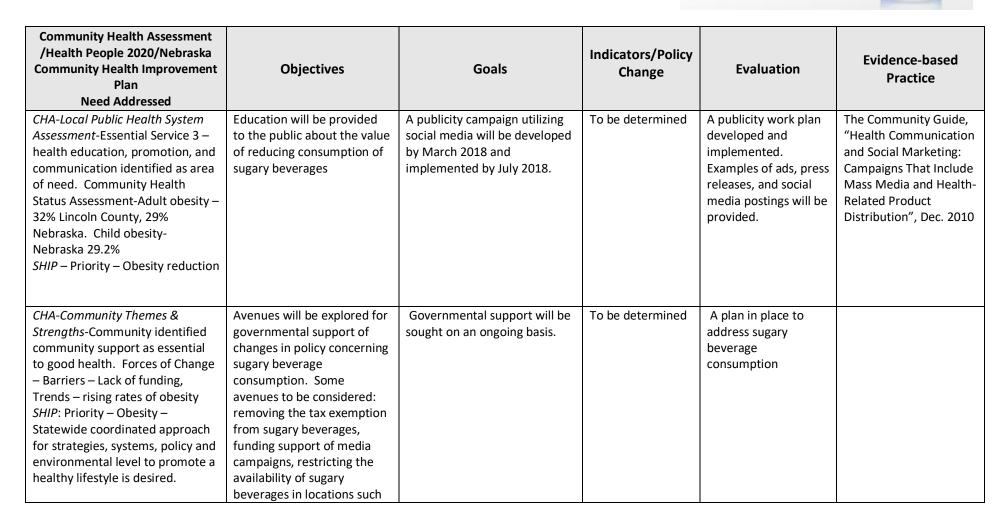
Mid-Nebraska Community Foundation



Reduction of Consumption of Sugary Beverages

Strategic Issue: With child and adult obesity rates on the rise locally and nationally, encouraging people to reduce their intake of sugary beverages would address one-way people could reduce their caloric and carbohydrate intake. The purpose set out in this work plan is to explore ways of addressing the issue of reducing consumption of sugary beverages. (Table 9)

Involved community members: Shannon Vanderheiden, WCDHD Board of Health, Mayor Dwight Livingston, Local school Boards of Education and school superintendents





	as schools, recreation centers, etc.				
CHA: Local Public Health System Assessment – Essential Service 3 – Health education, promotion, communication is an area needing improving. Healthy People 2020: Nutrition and Weight Status 2.1 – Increase the proportion of schools that do not sell or offer calorically sweetened beverages to students – Baseline 9.3% of schools, Target 21.3%	Work with local school superintendents and their Board of Education to address sugary beverage consumption through a variety of avenues— education, restricting use on school campuses and school sporting events, and other school-driven recommendations	1.Educate superintendents and Boards of Education about obesity and sugary beverage consumption by March 2018. 2.Encourage and assist, as necessary, superintendents and Boards of Education in setting policies and/or programs with a goal of setting a program/policy prior to the 2018-2019 school year.	To be determined	 Education and support offered to local school systems Programs and policies in place. 	The Community Guide, "Obesity: Meal and Fruit and Vegetable Snack Interventions to Increase Healthier Foods and Beverages provided by Schools", Dec. 2016 The Community Guide, "Obesity: Supporting Healthier Snack Foods and Beverages Sold or Offered as Rewards in Schools", Dec. 2016 The Community Guide, "Obesity: Increasing Water Access in
					Schools", Dec. 2016

Table 9 Sugary Beverages Workplan



Sports Equipment Exchange for Youth Sports

Program: Sports Equipment Exchange for Youth Sports: With affordable recreation determined as a need under the Healthy Lifestyles and Well-being priority, efforts began to provide sports equipment and scholarships to enable children to join organized sports who may not be able to do so without financial assistance. The workgroup decided to host a sports equipment exchange. Ray Morrissette began collecting equipment and seeking scholarship funds. The group proceeded with caution to ensure that all liability issues were covered before distributing equipment and offering scholarships. \$2800 was donated through private funds for wrestling scholarships; with the cost of \$200 for sign-ups, the goal was to receive enough funds to provide scholarships for 25 children. Another goal is to expand the program to include more sports. Organizers of this program will also consider possible funding opportunities through Nike, Russell, and Nebraska Game and Parks to help sustain scholarships. (*Table 10*)

Strategic Issue: Children would be encouraged in becoming more physically active through the provision of affordable recreation by providing assistance in obtaining sports equipment and scholarships. With sports equipment provided and scholarships offered, more children would be able to participate in organized sports.



Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/Nebraska Community Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators /Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
CHA – Community Themes and Strengths Assessment – Exercise, Kid-friendly activities, activities for youth, opportunities for healthy activities, outdoor activities were all named by community members as important to health. <i>Forces of Change</i> – trends of rising obesity rates, need for affordable recreation impacting youth health <i>County Health Rankings</i> : 17.7% of children in poverty, 40% of children in Lincoln County eligible for free/reduced school lunches,	 "Gently used" sports gear and new sports gear purchased at a reduced cost will be collected and distributed to children playing organized sports who may need financial assistance in order to play. Scholarships will be provided to families whose children may not be able to play organized sports due to the cost of registration. Organizers of this program will also consider possible funding opportunities through Nike, Russell, and Nebraska Game and Parks. Efforts will take place to encourage sponsors of sports to undertake the sports equipment exchange and scholarship program. 	 Children whose families would require financial assistance in order to play organized sports will receive sports gear to enable them to play. Funds will be collected and distributed to families for sports fee registration. Once a volunteer program is in place, the sponsors of sports organizations will be contacted to encourage them to take over the equipment exchange and 	To be determined	 Number of children who receive sports gear and then are registered to play for an organized sport Funds received # of children who receive scholarships Sports equipment exchange, and scholarship programs will be operated by the organizers of sports programs. 	1. The Journal of Pediatrics, 2005, "Evidence Based Physical Activity for School-age Youth" 2. The Community Guide, February 2001, "Physical Activity: Social Support Interventions in Community Settings" 3. National Recreation and Park Association, 2010, "The Rationale for Recreation Services for Youth: An Evidence Based Approach"

Involved community members: Ray Morrissette

Table 10 Sports Equipment Exchange Workplan

"Gotta Have Goals"

Program: "Gotta Have Goals": The Healthy Lifestyles workgroup discussed the importance of child-friendly activities and encouraging more physical activity. One member talked about watching children play soccer on a large field with many players and fewer touches on the ball versus small fields with small goals and smaller number of players on the team with the players getting more touches, getting in more practice of soccer skills, and being more active. The group developed a plan to construct small goals with donated or low-cost PVC pipe using volunteers. With no- or low-cost, concerns about them being damaged or stolen are minimized. The soccer goals would be placed in city parks to encourage children to play and practice soccer skills in a smaller soccer setting. Donations of PVC pipe is being sought and the Walmart DC volunteer program will be accessed to provide volunteer help. The construction of goals and the locations of goals placed will be documented.



Strategic Issue: Affordable recreation was identified as important to people in the community during the CHA Community Themes and Strengths Assessment. In observing children at play, when many children are playing a game, such as soccer, the children often have few touches on the ball and less time spent moving actively. Providing more and smaller soccer goals would allow for small group play with more active play. *(Table 11)*

Current reality: Most parks and schools have only two large soccer goals. When varied age groups play, the younger children may not be able to play safely and successfully, and when large groups play, the players have fewer opportunities for touches with the ball and are often not as physically active.

Involved community members: Leland Poppe, Ray Morrissette

Community Health Assessment/Health People 2020/Nebraska State Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators/policy change	Evaluation	Evidence- based Practice
CHA Community Themes and Strengths – Good health- involves exercise,	The "Gotta Have	5 goals will be	To be determined	# of goals	BMJ, 2001, "Evidence
Important in our community – child-friendly activities, opportunities for healthy activities. Improving health in our community-parks, healthier activities, more	Goals" program will utilize	constructed		placed in parks	Based
affordable for families, outdoor activities	volunteer help	and placed in		parks	Management
CHA Community Health Status Assessment – U.S. Census – Population under 18	and donated and	5 North			of Childhood
years – 24.6% in Lincoln County, County Health Rankings – obesity 32.5%	low-cost PVC	Platte city			Obesity"
State Health Improvement Plan – Priority-Obesity	pipe to construct	parks by June			
Healthy People 2020 – Nutrition and Weight Status 10.4 – Reduce the proportion of	and place small	2018.			
children and adolescents aged 2 to 19 years who are considered obese. Baseline	soccer goals in				
16.1%, reduce to 14.5%. Physical Activity 3.1 Increase the proportion of adolescents	North Platte city				
who meet physical activity guidelines for aerobic physical activity. Baseline 28.7%,	parks.				
increase to 31.6%.					

Table 11 Gotta Have Goals Workplan

North Platte Fit Kids

Program: As part of the 2016 Fit Kids program, 101 children participated in training and the Fit Kids Run during Nebraskaland Days. Rec Center and Kids Klub staff helped with training and encouraging the children to achieve their goals. While many of them felt unable to attain the goals, through encouragement, all participated and successfully completed the training and Run. The children all received t-shirts, medals, and shoes to celebrate their accomplishments. With the success of the 2016 program, the program was implemented again in 2017. 132 children participated at Kids Klub, with everyone successfully completing the race, held on July 12, 2017. A grant was awarded from Kids Run the Nation/Road Runners Club of America to supply shoes for each child. Kevan Hueftle, a farmer from Eustis who was a collegiate runner for UNK and lost his foot in a hunting accident, was an inspirational speaker for the event. Hueftle is trying to qualify for the Para-Olympic Games.



Strategic Issue: Improve physical fitness awareness for children and families. Healthy People 2020 Among children ages 4 to 12, identified the "Belief in ability to be active (self-efficacy) and "parental support" as having a positive association with physical activity. *(Table 12)*

Involved community members: Trudy Merritt, Recreation Center Staff, Kids Klub Staff

Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/Nebraska Community Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators /Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
Community Themes & Strengths – Families value affordable recreation, place a high value on parks and recreation Local Public Health Systems Assessment – Health education, promotion, and communication were rated as areas needing improvement. Forces of Change assessment – pointed to need for affordable wellness and recreation County Health Rankings – Obesity rate is 32% for local area, compared to state rate of 295, Physical inactivity is 28% compared to state rate of 25%.	The North Platte Recreation Center and North Platte Kids Klub will collaborate to provide training, shoes, and free registration for the North Platte Fit Kids Run to be held in June 2016.	Children will recognize the importance of physical activity for good health.	To be determined	At least 100 children will take part in the Fit Kids run.	"Physical Activity: Creating or Improving Places for Physical Activity", The Community Guide, May 2001

Table 12 North Platte Fit Kids Workplan

Substance Abuse

Priority: Substance Abuse/Prevention in WCDHD jurisdiction

Strategic Issue: How can the local public health system provide education and opportunities for reducing substance abuse for adolescents aged 12 to 17 years of age? The Substance Abuse Prevention Council meets on a regular basis and will include information and progress in annual reports. *(Table 13)*

Current reality: According to the *County Health Rankings and Roadmaps*, in Lincoln county, Nebraska excessive drinking was 15% compared to the 20% State of Nebraska, and alcohol-impaired driving deaths was 29% compared to the 36% State of Nebraska. Substance abuse is higher than the national average. According to *Healthy People 2020*, in Nebraska 39.3% of adolescents perceiving great risk in consuming five or more drinks once or twice a week (aged 12-17), with the target being 44 in 2020, and current state average being 39.7%. In addition, in Nebraska only 12.6% of the persons who needed and received illicit drug treatment at a specialty treatment facility for abuse or dependence in the past year (12+ years), with the target being 17% in 2020, and current state average being 19.4%.



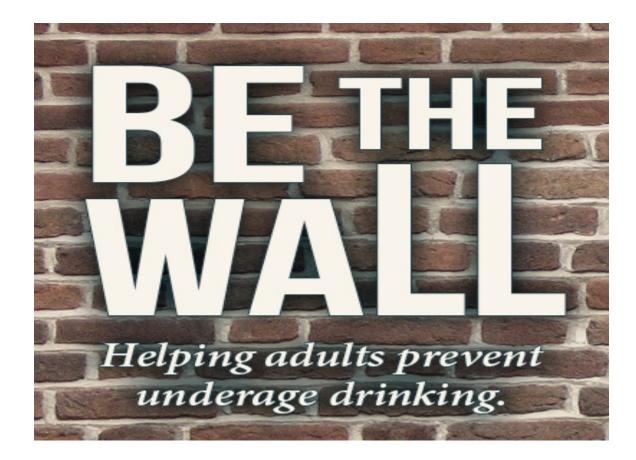
Gaps/barriers: Affordable recreational/exercise activities; awareness of what is offered; education; language

Involved community members: Ashley Allen (Region II Human Services), Nickie Kroon (Great Plains Health – Healthcare Sector), Judy O'Neill (North Platte Catholic Schools – School Sector), Jeff Steinbeck (Hershey School Principal – School Sector), Janelle Higgins (Mid-Plains Community College), Brandi Lemon and Shannon Vanderheiden (WCDHD – Healthcare Sector), Sandee Kroon (Concerned Citizen), Jayna Schaaf (Executive Director Community Connections), Greg Vandernberg (Concerned Citizen), Amy Wolfskill (Nebraskaland National Bank – Business Sector), Robert Lindemeier (Lindemeier & Dawson Law Office), Angela Franz (Deputy County Attorney), Kim Riley (Westfield Pharmacy – Business Sector), Marlo Roberts (Community Connections), Will Cleveland (NE State Patrol – Law Enforcement Sector), Michelle McFarland (Business Sector), Jennifer Schlager (NPHS Counselor – School Sector), Linda Logsdon (Women's Resource Center – Healthcare Sector), Janelle Sellers (Pharmacist – Healthcare Sector), Rich Hoaglund (North Platte Police Dept. – Law Enforcement Sector), Dan Newton (Lincoln County Sheriff's Office – Law Enforcement Sector), Kathy Seacrest (Region II Human Services), Shannon Sell (Region II Human Services), Dan O'Neill (Kwik Stop CEO (Business Sector), Sheriff Jerome Kramer (Lincoln County Sheriff's Office – Law Enforcement Sector)

Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/ Nebraska Community Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Goals	Objectives	Indicators/ Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
CHA – Forces of Change– Rising rates of smoking a concern Community Health Status Assessment- A drug-free community and lower smoking rates important to community members Local Public Health Systems Assessment – Essential Service 3.1, "Health education/promotion" indicated as area needing improvement CHSA – NRPFSS 8 th grade: Alcohol-Lincoln County (LC) 22.9%, NE 18.4% Tobacco use – 12.9% LC, 11.9% NE Marijuana use 6.6% LC, 5.8% NE Illicit drugs – 8.2% LC, 7.4% NE 10 th grade: Alcohol use – 39.3% LC, 40.5% NE Tobacco use- 32.2% LC, 25.5% NE Marijuana use 23.5% LC, 17.7% NE Illicit drugs 15.2% LC, 11.9% NE 12 th grade: Alcohol use – 60.4% LC, 60.0% NE Tobacco use- 47.4% LC, 41.2% NE Marijuana 41.1% LC, 30.3% NE Illicit drugs 0 21.9% LC, 18.0% NE Healthy People 2020: The substance abuse rates in Nebraska are higher than the national rates. County Health Rankings and Roadmaps: The alcohol abuse rates in Lincoln county are higher than in Nebraska. BRFSS -Adult Cigarette smoking 24.5% (compared to Nebraska rate of 17.4%) Healthy people 2020: SA-13.1 Reduce the proportion of adolescents reporting use of alcohol or any illicit drugs during the past 30 days. Baseline 18.4% ages 12-17 reported use during past 30 days – 2008. Target 16.6% TU -2.1 Reduce use of tobacco products by adolescents. Baseline 19.5% grades 9-12, target 16.0% Healthy People 2020: Substance Abuse 14.4 Reduce the proportion of adults who drank excessively in the previous 30	Improve substance abuse rates in youth and adolescents	 Increase the number of education events held annually by 20% each year. Provide community support groups for families held (i.e. monthly, quarterly, etc.) by end each year. (To be Determined) Provide community resources and role models for youth and adolescents during support groups and at activities Decrease the substance abuse rate within WCDHD's jurisdiction by 10% by July 1, 2019. 	Alcohol tax increase Tobacco tax increase. Increase in the age for tobacco sales, to 21.	 Short term: Create education for substance abuse, support groups, and family activities Mid-term: Increase the number of participants being educated for substance abuse, the number of support groups being provided and participants attending, resources available and role models for youth and adolescents Long term: Decreased substance abuse Short term: To be Determined Mid-term: To be Determined Needs identified: More public education on drug related issues. Detox Center locally. Holding Center for Youth with serious alcohol and/or drug abuse. 	Oxford and Platte Valley: 3/4 houses provide accountability for men recovering from alcohol addiction. Lincoln County Court: partners with NE Health & Human Services and North Platte Police Dept. to provide family-focused solutions to drug convictions. Great Plains Health provides free tobacco cessation classes. Nebraska Tobacco Quit Line Provides free counseling. Community Connections Substance Abuse Prevention System (SAPS) has organized a task force to address methamphetamine use prevention and is working to raise awareness about marijuana issues. SAPS partners with local law enforcement to conduct a free monthly prescription drug

		Call Center for public	Community Connections
		information on drug	Tobacco Free Lincoln
		related issues (e.g.,	County Coalition partners
		coupled with WCDHD Web	with agencies and
		site and/or Boys Town	volunteers to reduce
		National Hotline, 1-800-	secondhand smoke
		448-3000).	exposure and reduce
		•	youth access to tobacco.

Table 13 Substance Abuse Workplan



Positive Pulse Family Wellness

Program: Positive Pulse Family Wellness; Positive Pulse Family Wellness is coordinated by WCDHD with partnership from many community partners. Classes center on nutrition and physical activity, as well as other health and well-being topics. Community partners from the Nebraska State Patrol, UNL Extension, North Platte Fire Department, and others have been presenters at the classes. Family attendance is encouraged, with family togetherness promoted. The program is analyzed annually for continual improvement. *(Table 14) (Figure 9)*

Strategic Issue: The provision of affordable family health and wellness education and recreation is deficient in the communities. With free family health and wellness education and recreation, more families would be able to participate in these events.

Current reality: Most communities do not offer free or affordable family health and wellness education and recreation opportunities.

Involved community members: WCDHD, Families First Partnership, fitness instructors, Nebraska State Patrol, North Platte Fire Department

Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/Nebraska State Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators/ Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
CHA Community Themes and	1.Efforts will take place to	1.Many families will sign-up	To be	1.Track the number	The Community
<i>Strengths</i> – Good health-	encourage/promote the Positive	and attend this free program	determined	of families who sign-	Guide, October 2016,
involves exercise,	Pulse Family Wellness Program. At	offered to promote healthy		up; number of	"Physical Activity:
Important in our community – child-friendly activities,	least ten families will sign up for and participate in the program yearly.	lifestyles.		families who attend events	Family-Based Interventions"
opportunities for healthy	participate in the program yearly.	2.Participating families will		2.Satisfaction surveys	Interventions
activities,	2.Encourage family time with	express knowledge gained of		to evaluate	
Improving health in our	health/wellness education and	health/wellness education and		knowledge gained	
community-parks, healthier	recreation provided monthly with a	recreation provided.		Knowledge gamed	
activities, more affordable for	goal of eight classes a calendar year.				
families, outdoor activities					
	3.Encourage positive family health	3.Participating families will		3.Families will	
CHA Community Health Status	and nutrition/exercise habits.	implement at least one goal		document their goal	
Assessment – U.S. Census –	Families will complete a goal setting	each meeting event correlating		and completion dates	
Population under 18 years –	plan at each class held in the 2017-	with healthy family		to show progress.	
24.6% in Lincoln County,	2108 sessions of classes.	nutrition/exercise habits.			
County Health Rankings –					
obesity 32.5%					

Table 14 Positive Pulse Family Wellness Workplan



Performance Measures	Time Period	Actual Value	Target Value
There will be at least eight classes held yearly	2017	7	8
There will be at least twelve families sign up for the program yearly	2016 ^{Recta}	ngul 12 Snip	10
Each event will include at least one educational topic regarding health and wellness	Oct 2017	2	2

Figure 9 PMS Positive Pulse Family Wellness

Mental Health

Program: Mental Health Awareness/Education

Strategic Issue: Raising awareness about mental health by increasing the number of people who receive mental health trainings. *(Table 15)*

Involved community members: Brenda Petersen (Cervelle Consulting), Shannon Sell (Region II), Emma Petersen (Rape & Domestic Abuse Program), Pete Johnson (Mid-Plains Community College), Jamie Peters (MPCC), Jenee Hill (Lotus Counseling), Janet Livingston (WCDHD), Jill Falcon (WCDHD), Caroline Sabin (Families First Partnership), Ray Morrissette (Walmart Distributing Center), Scott Carlson (Eagle Radio), Pam Hicks (Lincoln County Detention Center), Carla Beck (Legacy Communications).



Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/Nebraska State Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators/ Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
CHIP Community Themes and	Support efforts that address	Mental Health First Aid – At	To be	Number of	Mental Health First Aid-
Strengths – Mental and	depression, suicide and stigma	least 10 trainings will be	determined	trainings held	http://nrepp.samhsa.gov/ProgramProfile
physical well-being important	through prevention and	held per year beginning in			.aspx?id=1229
to community members	education	August 2017 through Dec.			
CHIP Community Health		2018 with at least 100		Number of people	QPR – "QPR Gatekeeper Training for
Systems Assessment – Poor	Training for the public and for	people trained by the end		trained	Suicide Prevention",
mental health days – Lincoln	primary care	of 2018.			http://legacy.nreppadmin.net/ViewInter
Co. 3.2, Nebraska 2.7. Suicide					vention.aspx?id=299
8 th leading cause of death in		QPR (Question, Persuade,			
WCDHD area.	Targets for training—schools, law	Refer)– At least 10 trainings			
SHIP – Priority – Depression	enforcement, emergency	will be held per year			
and Suicide –	personnel, parents, those who	beginning in Aug. 2017			
recommendations to focus on	work with youth, veterans'	through Dec. 2018 with at			
screen practices, training, and	organizations and agencies,	least 100 trained by the end			
advocacy for preventive approaches	coaches, churches	of 2017.			
Healthy People 2020:		Other mental health			
Mental Health and Mental		education efforts – RDAP			
Disorders 1: Reduce the		Prevention Education,			
suicide rate. U.S. baseline 11.2					
per 100,000, Nebraska 11.7,					
Target 10.2 per 100,000					

CHA-Local Public Health	Development of a social media	A social media plan is	To be	Plan developed	Community Guide, "Health
Systems Assessment: Essential	program to address mental	developed and in place by	determined	and being utilized.	Communication and Social Marketing:
Service 3 – Health education	health and promote mental	October 31, 2017 outlining		Tracking of survey	Campaigns That Include Mass Media and
and promotion identified as a	health trainings	types of social media, dates,		results—how	Health-Related Product Distribution",
need		topics, and list of people		participants	Dec. 2010.
	Increased attendance at mental	responsible for posting on		learned of the	https://www.thecommunityguide.org/fin
	health trainings	social media.		training	dings/health-communication-and-social-
					marketing-campaigns-include-mass-
				Use Performance	media-and-health-related
				Management	
				Dashboard for	
				tracking of	
				number of	
				trainings and	
				number of	
				participants	

Table 15 Mental Health Awareness Workplan



PRIORITY: Community Ownership

Community Collaboration

Priority: Communications between agencies that serve residents.

Strategic Issue: Appropriate use/coordination of resources (Financial, staffing, time, volunteers, etc.) The community collaborative workgroup meets monthly to address these, and other issues related to community collaboration. New partners continue to be added. With housing needs addressed by other workgroups, this topic has been referred to that group. (*Table 16*)

Current reality: Many agencies are not aware of the services available in the community, therefore services are often duplicated rather than shared. While agencies and local professionals have good intentions for serving the community, there isn't as much collaboration as there could be.

Gaps/barriers: transportation, housing, mental health assistance, employment

Involved community members: Beth DeFreece, John Hales, Janet Livingston, Ashley Mathers, Megan Harwager, Michelle Grier, April Christensen, Ashley Perlinger, Sarah White, Mona Tarin, Vicki Collins, Bruce Piercy, Jacqueline Deacon, Irene Britt, Heather Tjaden, Mariah Reeves, Julie Butler, Jennifer Smith, Dean Dye

Community members to engage: NP Catholic Schools, Maxwell Public School, Hershey Public Schools, Ministerial Council, Susan Sukraw, Renee Rankin, Mid-Plains Community College, North Platte Interagency



Community Health Assessment/Health People 2020/Nebraska Community Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Goals	Objectives	Indicator/ Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence- based Practice
CHA: Forces of Change – Declining housing stock a concern	Reduce barriers to access affordable quality rental properties.	1.Talk with landlords about quality of housing, deposit requirements 2.Invite NP Housing Authority, Gateway reps, Coldwell Banker reps, local landlords	To be determined	Written plan for housing improvement	
 CHA: Forces of Change – Declining pool of resources a concern. Community Themes & Strengths– Community support important to community. Communication and collaboration between agencies and organizations can improve health. Community Health Status Assessment – Inadequate social support – Lincoln county 20%, Nebraska 17% SHIP – Priority-Integrated health systems—It is recommended that the public health system, the primary care system and other health systems establish connection and interweave partnerships for a solid foundation of standards and practices for individual and population health. SHIP Priority- Depression and suicide – Increase protective factors among youth, collaboration between service delivery systems 	 Establish grant writing hub or outreach to seek funds to fill gaps. First priority is "life coaches" for at-risk families. 	 Check with current funders for other monies available and/or populations that can be served. Invite Family Focus (DHHS) and Early Development Network 	To be determined	 Grant writing guidelines in place. Qualified grant writing individuals/organizations listed. List of life coaches compiled. System of referrals established. 	
SHIP – Priority – Establish connections and interweave partnerships for individual and population health, Priority – Healthcare Utilization and Access – Enhanced provider and system partnerships.	Continue to bring in new partners to collaborative group.	Collective continuous sweep to address barriers to meeting needs for successful healthy hopeful living. Invitation of integral stakeholders to address barriers.	To be determined	List of partnerships established and continuously updated.	

Table 16 Community Collaboration Work Plan

Community Response



Program: Community response agencies' primary focus is the prevention of child abuse and child neglect. Through Central Navigation, families or agencies may seek out resources for those at risk of children being removed from the home due to safety, shelter, living conditions, or family stability. A Central Navigator will refer families to resources within the community to provide the most appropriate assistance.

The Connected Youth Initiative (Figure 10) works with youth 14 to 24 who have been in foster care, facing homelessness, or coming out of juvenile justice. Enrolled youth are provided coaching support to assure sufficient housing, basic needs, transportation, medical care, education, employment, and community engagement. Youth are offered Opportunity Passport as a means of financial literacy and establishing short-term investments. Community engagement is introduced youth leadership opportunities.

Strategic Issue: Preventing families and youth from entering higher systems of care

through referral and wrap-around services of local agencies. (Table 17)

Current Reality: Lincoln County was identified as an area with high incidence of children going into foster care; therefore, appropriate interventions have been designed by community partners to address needs of families and youth in crisis.

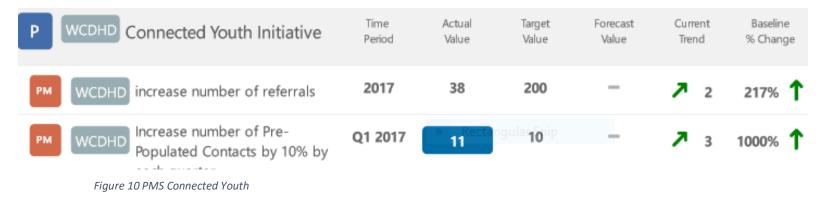
Gaps/Barriers: Need for quality, affordable housing, transportation, utilities, basic needs

Involved community members: Salvation Army, Community Action Partnership, Rape and Domestic Abuse Program, The Connection Homeless Shelter, Boys Town, L2 for Kids, Families First Partnership



Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/ Nebraska Community Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Goals	Objectives	Evaluation	Indicators/ Policy Change	Evidence-based Practice
CHIP – Forces of Change - Knowledge of services and more consistent collaboration and cooperation are needed among service organizations. Local Public Health Systems- Essential Service 4, mobilizing partnerships, is a need to be addressed. SHIP – Priority – Integration – "Recommended that the public health system, the primary care system and other health systems to establish connections and interweave partnerships for a solid foundation of standards and practices for individual	 Use of central navigation to link families to local services. Reduce duplication of services The Connected Youth Initiative will be used to serve youth who are foster children, facing homelessness, or 	 Screen families and individuals who are in crisis to determine best fit for support by community organizations. Refer family or individual to agency for financial support, coaching, or additional needed services. Increased communication between agencies to prevent duplication of services and recurrent patterns of crisis. Team meetings of community response agencies will be convened for wrap-around services for clients. Youth will be offered Opportunity Passport for financial literacy and establishment of savings development accounts. 	 Use of protective factors surveys or Family Thrive survey for determination of progress in their stability. Use of database developed by Families First Partnership to monitor client needs, level of assistance, and hours and degree of coaching. A bi-annual youth transitional services survey will be 	To be determined	"Community Response, 2015 Nebraska Children and Families Foundation, <u>http://www.nebraskachildre</u> <u>n.org/our-</u> <u>approach/evidence-based-</u> <u>strategies/community-</u> <u>response.html</u> California Evidence-base Clearinghouse, "Opportunity Passport", <u>http://www.cebc4cw.org/pr</u> <u>ogram/opportunity-</u> <u>passport-sup-tm-</u> <u>sup/detailed</u>
solid foundation of standards	facing	establishment of savings	transitional services		

Table 17 Community Response Work Plan



Families First Partnership

Program: Families 1st Partnership is a collaborative of human service organizations whose primary services are to support positive child development and parenting skills for stable self-reliant families. Nebraska Children and Families Foundation is the primary source of grant funds to support these efforts. Since 2010, a total of \$688,424.48 has come into Lincoln County to financially support the work of prevention of child abuse and neglect, thereby preventing children and families' entry into higher systems of care. The primary goal is the direct support and services to families, but that is more effectively implemented when the local agencies feel properly equipped. A secondary goal for the use of grant funds is to engage various local agencies in prevention work by providing trainings for workers, bringing organizations together to network, and seeking ways to prevent duplication of services. *(Table 18)*

Families 1st Partnership has an advisory board that meets on a quarterly basis to review data, advise on future plans, and approve budgets. Members of the advisory board are also involved in



Photo: Families First Partnership recognized as a School-Business Partnership with North Platte Public Schools

workgroups that address concerns or make decisions on specific prevention strategies. There are 2 workgroups that meet once per month. Other workgroups may be established short-term for a special interest project. A total of 44 agencies have participated at some point in time in either implementation of a grant effort, services to children or families, or in an advising/planning capacity.

The outreach to local families has grown consistently since the introduction of grant funds into Lincoln County. In 2014, a total of 224 families were served. In the finalized annual report for 2016, a total of 398 families and 243 children were served directly, and over 600 children were served indirectly. Eleven parents of children with disabilities and 25 children with disabilities were also served.

Strategic Issue: Improved communication and collaboration between local agencies to minimize duplication of services and increase efficiency of addressing needs of clients.

Involved community members: B. Piercy, Boystown; A. Perlinger, Community Action; A. Mathers, NE DOL, A. Christensen, DHHS; J. Hales, N. Platte Chamber; B. DeFreece, Connection Homeless Shelter; S. White, Region II Services; M. Dainowski, DHHS Family Focus; J. Livingston, West Central Dist. Health Dept.; C. Vigil, Salvation Army; M. Harwager, NE Children's Home Society; A. Shirley, West Central Dist. Health; C. Sabin, Families 1st Partnership

Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/Nebraska State Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators/ Policy Change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
CHA-Community Themes & Strengths-Community support, communication and collaboration between agencies and organizations important. Local Public Health Systems Assessment – Essential Service 4 – Mobilizing partnerships area of concern SHIP – Priority – Utilization/Access	Promote Families 1 st Partnership as a cooperative of agencies.	Brand associated agencies as cooperating, networking, available resources for the community through monthly meetings beginning in March 2015 and continued to present.	To be determined	Facebook outreach, likes, page following Referrals	"Health Communication and Social Marketing", The Community Guide, Dec. 2010
Same as above	Provide opportunities for agencies to become acquainted with other's services and outreach.	Sponsor local "resources fairs" to gather organizations and provide opportunity to community to access local resources. Examples include: Hope Happens Here, Project Connect, WCDHD Health Fair, and Community Baby Shower. Originating with Hope Happens Here in June 2015, each outreach event is planned as an annual recurring event.	To be determined	Increase in participation of agencies.	Rural Assistance Center, "Evidence- base Toolkits for Rural Community Health"
CHIP – Local Public Health Systems Assessment – Essential Service 8 – assuring a competent workforce was identified as a recognized asset for building community health	Increase human services workers' skills in addressing needs of clientele	Sponsor trainings for agency workers-financial literacy curriculums, trauma awareness, and personal development. These trainings have included: Family Approach Team Meetings (June 2014 & June 2015), Managing Challenging Behaviors in Children (Aug. 2014 & August 2015), Collective Impact (November 2014 & November 2016), Trauma Informed Care (Dec. 2016, Feb. 2017, Aug. 2017, Oct. 2017), Your Money, Your Goals (Jan. 2017, May 2017), Getting Ahead in a Just Gettin' By World (June 2016), Rent Wise (May 2017). Continued trainings will be determined based on a survey of local human service workers in selecting priorities. Local agencies will also be screened to determine what trainings they offer in order to fill classes and not duplicate offerings in the community.	To be determined	Surveys from participants.	"Collective Impact", Stanford Social Innovation Review, 2011.

Table 18 Families First Partnership Workplan

Multi-Priority Programs

Health Fairs

Priorities: Healthy Lifestyles and Well-being, Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services, Community Ownership

Program: Annual Health Fairs: The first community health fair was held on July 2016 at the North Platte Recreation Center. The event kicked off with a 5K "Salute to Veterans" and continued with health fair events through the day. Services provided included health screenings, job assistance, veterans' services, oral health education, diabetes education, car seat safety, breast cancer awareness, colorectal cancer awareness, tobacco cessation, and more. The second annual health fair was held in collaboration with Pathology Services, P.C., and held on November 11, 2017 at the Platte River Mall. Twenty-five organizations were present, with approximately 150 served. Organizations present offered health screenings, lab draws, skin checks, clinical breast exams, as well as information about family health, nutrition, physical activity, early childhood, veterans' services, breast cancer, health care.



Strategic Issue: Promoting increased access to health and wellness opportunities and education for the community. *(Table 19)* **Involved community members:** WCDHD, Families First Partnership, Pathology Services, P.C., GPH, NP Recreational Center, Nebraska Athletic Club, United Healthcare, NPPS, Komen, Women's and Men's Health Programs, Sports Shoppe, Elite Training, North Platte Elk's Club, Nebraska Total Care, Women's Resource Center, WIC, Nebraska Heart Institute, Plexus, Tobacco Free Lincoln County, Phelps Family Dentistry

Objectives	Goals	Indicators policy change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
1.Encourage community to	1.There will be an	To be	1.Track the number of health	
engage in an annual health fair.	increase by at least 5%	determined	fair participants annually.	The Community
	of the number of			Guide,
2.Encourage collaboration	participants at the		2.Track the number of health	"Community
within our communities	health fair annually.		fair vendors annually.	Health Workers"
regarding organizations	2.There will be at least			
involved in the health fair.	25 health fair vendors		3.Survey the participants on	The Community
	annually.		health education and health	Guide, "Fired Up
3. Provide free health education	3.Linking and connecting		services knowledge gained by	for Prevention"
and health services	the participants to free		attending the health fair.	
connections to the community.	health education and			
	health services.			
	 1.Encourage community to engage in an annual health fair. 2.Encourage collaboration within our communities regarding organizations involved in the health fair. 3.Provide free health education and health services 	1. Encourage community to engage in an annual health fair.1. There will be an increase by at least 5% of the number of participants at the health fair annually.2. Encourage collaboration within our communities regarding organizations involved in the health fair.9 articipants at the health fair annually.3. Provide free health education and health services connections to the community.3. Linking and connecting the participants to free health education and	ObjectivesGoalspolicy policy change1.Encourage community to engage in an annual health fair.1.There will be an increase by at least 5% of the number of participants at the health fair annually.To be determined2.Encourage collaboration within our communities regarding organizations involved in the health fair.2.There will be at least 25 health fair vendors annually	ObjectivesGoalspolicy policy changeEvaluation1.Encourage community to engage in an annual health fair.1.There will be an increase by at least 5% of the number of participants at the health fair annually.To be determined of the number of participants at the health fair annually.1.Track the number of health fair participants annually.2.Encourage collaboration within our communities involved in the health fair.participants at the health fair annually.2.Track the number of health fair vendors annually.2.Fncourage collaboration within our communities involved in the health fair.2.There will be at least 25 health fair vendors annually.3.Survey the participants on health education and health services knowledge gained by attending the health fair.3.Provide free health education and health services connections to the community.3.Linking and connecting the participants to free health education andSurvey the participant fair.

Table 19 Health Fair Workplan

Project Connect

Priority: Community Ownership, Affordable and Equitable Access to Care and Services

Strategic Issue: Project Connect seeks to connect people in the community to vital resources, providing a one-stop shop for individuals to link them to services, information, and resources. *(Table 20)*

Involved community members: WCDHD, VetSET, Boystown, The Salvation Army, Community Action Partnership, Supportive Services for Veteran Families (SSVF), Department of Health and Human Services, WellCare, Nebraska Total Care, United Health Care, Migrant Education, ResCare, Connection Homeless Shelter, Inc., Nebraska Department of Labor, Legal Aid of Nebraska.



Community Health Assessment /Health People 2020/ Nebraska State Health Improvement Plan Need Addressed	Objectives	Goals	Indicators policy change	Evaluation	Evidence-based Practice
CHA – Community Themes &	Project Connect will work to	Provide an annual Project Connect event to	To be	Services provided	
Strengths-Community	connect the most vulnerable	North Platte and surrounding communities.	determined	in multiple health	"Interventions to
support, access to needs,	populations in the local area to	Services that will be available to clients		services available.	Improve Access to
collaboration to ensure	resources, services, and	include housing and employment assistance,			Primary Care for
access to services important	information in the community.	veteran services, Substance abuse,		Project Connect	People Who Are
Local Public Health Systems-	The one-stop shop approach	rape/domestic abuse, child abuse/neglect,		held annually.	Homeless", Healthy
Link to health services is a	will serve to link individuals in	car seat inspections, legal aid, minority			Quality Ontario, 2016.
strength to be tapped.	one location to better provide	health, medical, dental, vision and hearing,		Project Connect	(Healthy People 2020)
Healthy People 2020-Access	services needed.	nutrition, transportation, and haircuts. By		publicized for	
to care a priority – Access to		mobilizing community members and		participation for	
Health Services 6.1 – Reduce		agencies, we are attempting to ensure that		the local area;	
the proportion of persons		our participants receive the best care in an		attendance 100+	
who are unable to obtain or		easily accessible setting.		annually	
delay in obtaining necessary					
care – Baseline 10.0%, target					
9.0%					

Table 20 Project Connect Workplan

Overview of 2012 Community Health Improvement Plan

"Creating Healthy Communities Together"

A measure of the value of a Community Health Improvement Plan can be seen in the results of the 2012 Community Health Improvement Plan. A CHA was facilitated in 2010-2011, with a resultant CHIP developed in 2012.

At that time, the following priorities were selected: *Domestic Violence/Child Abuse, Access to Health Care (Dental, Mental, and Primary Care), Disease Management and Healthy Pregnancy/Teen Pregnancy Prevention.*

Several programs were developed and put in place to address priority issues. An evaluation of the 2012 CHIP was conducted in 2016 and the success of several of the programs, as well as the importance of their continuation, was documented. A brief overview of those programs and plans for continuation is outlined below.



Domestic Violence/Child Abuse

Deborah's Legacy opened in 2013 with a mission to provide rent-free housing, support, and educational opportunities for women facing homelessness. Four women at a time can be housed at the facility and can receive a variety of support during their stay. The Legacy is funded by donations and plans are to continue the program in the future.

One Door One Stop provides access to many free services to those who have experience domestic abuse and need assistance. ODOS is open one Friday a month, first at the Bethel church and now at the Rape and Domestic Abuse facility. Persons and organizations providing a variety of services are available to provide assistance as needed. Since the program began over 100 people have been served. ODOS continues to be a priority of the Lincoln County Coordinated Response to Domestic and Sexual Abuse Team and serves women in a six-county area. Funding is being sought to publicize the program, with intentions for the program to continue.

programs and law enforcement, the need is evident, and the program will continue to serve. (Figure 11) 2015 136

Time

Actual

Throughout the course of the Stewards of Children Sexual Abuse **Prevention Training**, 195 adults were trained between 2012 and 2016 with plans to continue to provide training in 2017 with the

The Rape and Domestic Abuse Program (RDAP) continues to

community. The goals are services of RDAP are to decrease

domestic violence, educate teens and youth about healthy

With the number of victims reporting domestic and sexual abuse and the number who have reached out for help to

relationships and substance abuse, encourage antibullying, and reduce the incidence of domestic violence and sexual abuse.

provide education in classrooms and awareness in the

hope that funding to support the cost and outreach and community awareness will support the availability of the program. Funding and interest in participating in the training have decreased, but the program will continue to be conducted upon request. With the goal of diminishing child sexual abuse through educating responsible adults, the need is still critical for the community.

Access to Health Care (Dental, Mental, and Primary Care)

The West Central District Health Department Dental Program is committed to advancing the oral health and general well-being of all populations across the lifespan to eliminate oral health disparities. WCDHD provides service to underserved patients in the area, including Medicaid and uninsured patients. WCDHD serves over 2000 patients annually with over 4000 patient visits. Of those patients, 85% are covered through Medicaid. The high number of Medicaid patients is due to the limited access to Medicaid providers in the area, demonstrating the critical need for serving Medicaid patients. Children have also been served through the provision of sealants and fluoride treatments at

local schools and at the Women, Infants, and Children facility. The partnership with the Office of Oral Health & Dentistry and Nebraska DHHS has been valuable in sustaining services.

Disease Prevention and Management

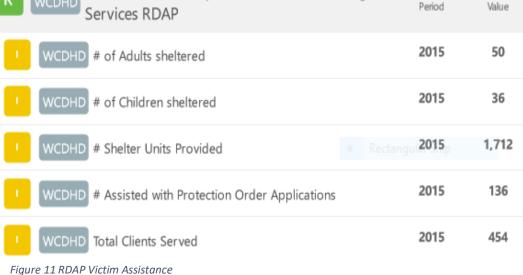
The *Platte River Fitness Series* has resulted in addressing the concerns with the rising rates of obesity, which in turn impact of the rates of diabetes and cardiovascular disease. The Platte River Fitness Series has as its mission "building a community of people who are engaged in physical activity, who work to make healthy lifestyles choices, and who believe in the power of a challenge to help them in all areas of life." Since the Series beginning

46

October 2017







Victim Services: Rape/ Domestic Abuse Program

NCDHD

in 2008 with 7 events, the Series has grown to 20 opportunities in 2017, with an ever-increasing number of participants. A variety of community organizations and causes are supported through the events and financial support is provided by area organizations and businesses to provide sustainability. Platte River Fitness Series is projected to be a part of the community for a long time to come.

Healthy Pregnancy/Teen Pregnancy Prevention

The **Youth for Christ Parent Life Program** in North Plate is open to young people between the ages of 12 to 21 who are pregnant or parenting. Support and mentoring is provided, high school students are encouraged to complete their high school education, and baby items are provided for those who work towards goals such as attending meetings and earning good grades. Support and intervention is key to help break the poverty cycle and to help teen parents plan for their future. The program is funded through donations with plans for the program to continue.



Great Plains Health (GPH) initiated a "Healthy Start" program that provided home visitation to mothers of newborns for education and checks of the infant. While that program ended due to funding, Great Plains Health maintains its commitment to support healthy pregnancies and healthy infants by hosting a free monthly Prepared Childbirth and Breastfeeding 101 class. To improve the rate of low birthweight babies, in 2014 GPH placed a stop on early elective deliveries (those occurring prior to 39 weeks without medical indication) to reduce the number of low birthweight deliveries. The rate dropped from 15-20% to 0% in 4th guarter to the present. GPH also addresses the issue of teen pregnancy prevention by educating young women about the consequences of early motherhood through a 2016 social media campaign, through a Junior Ambassador Volunteer Program with teen volunteers learning about health care including time spent on the labor and delivery floor, and through donations to seven area post-prom parties with the goal of promoting drug-free, parent-supervised, post-prom activities. GPH recognizes the value of these programs with plans to continue them.

WCDHD continued the work of providing education and support to families who were pregnant or had infants through the program Healthy Families America from 2013 to 2015. The program provided home visitation, with education on topics related to healthy pregnancy, childbirth, breastfeeding, infant care, and parenting skills. Home visitors visited mothers and couples on a weekly to monthly basis and were available to assist with resources as well. The program ended in 2015 due to the lack of grant funding.

2016 -17 CHIP Community Partners

Appreciation goes to the many people who were involved in the CHA and CHIP. The table below shows the wide community involvement in the four CHIP meetings and membership in the priority workgroups. Due to the very many people and organizations involved, some of them behind the scenes, we wish to apologize in advance for anyone who may have been inadvertently left off the following list.

Name	Organization	1/25/17 CHIP	4/26/17 CHIP	7/26/17 CHIP	10/25/17 CHIP	Access to Care	Healthy Life-styles	Community Ownership
Shannon Vanderheiden	WCDHD Executive Director	X	X	X	X	X		<u> </u>
Janet Livingston	WCDHD CHA/CHIP coordinator	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х
Norm Franken	City of NP	Х		Х		Х	х	
Rich Hoaglund	North Platte Police Dept.	Х	Х	Х	х		х	
Ray Morrissette	Walmart Distributing Center	Х	Х	Х			х	
Jill Falcon	WCDHD	Х	Х				х	
Leland Poppe	Great Western Bank	Х		Х			Х	
Caroline Sabin	Families First Partnership	Х	Х	Х	х			Х
Dwight Livingston	Mayor-North Platte	Х				Х		
Trudy Merritt	North Platte Recreation Center	Х					Х	
Beth DeFreece	The Connection Homeless Shelter	Х						Х
Brandon Myers	Region 51 EMA	Х		Х	х			
Judy Pederson	Pro Printing	Х					Х	
John Hales	North Platte Chamber of Commerce	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х
Ron Hanson	North Platte Public Schools Superintendent	Х				Х		
Jeff Eastman	Legal Aid	Х						Х
Bonnie Kruse	Mid-Plains Community College	Х				Х		
Bill Henry	Lincoln County Commissioner	Х						
Heather Tjaden	Wellcare	Х	Х					Х
Brandy Buscher	North Platte High School	Х				Х		
Harriet Spelts	DHHS-Child Care Licensing	Х						Х
Tammy Poe	United Way	Х						Х
Stuart Simpson	North Platte Public Schools	Х				Х		
Chuck Scripter	Methodist Church	Х						
Maria Lein	WCDHD Minority Health Initiative	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
O. Dean Dye	Berean Church	Х						Х
Ronda Haumann	WCDHD Board of Health,	Х	Х			Х		
Aspen Shirley	WCDHD	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Х
Alnetta Effenbeck	WCDHD	Х	Х	Х			Х	
Sally Brecks	WCDHD	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
Angela Brown	WCDHD	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	

Brandi Lemon	WCDHD	Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	
Aaron Rickett	Drug Court		Х				Х	
Brenda Pedersen	Region II, Cervelle Counseling		Х				Х	
George Haws	Community Connections		Х				Х	
Shannon Sell	Region II Human Services		Х				Х	
Margo Dainowski	DHHS Family Focus		Х					Х
April Christensen	DHHS			Х				Х
Doug Wallace	North Platte Trails Committee			Х			Х	
Tim Vanderheiden	Community member			Х				
David C. Banning, Jr.	Project Everlast			Х				
Mona Tarin	Nebraska Children & Families			Х				Х
Molly O'Holleran	Nebraska Dept. of Education					Х		
Nancy Striebel	Lincoln Co. Community Development Corp.					Х		
Dave Hahn	City of North Platte					Х		
Judy Clark	City of North Platte					Х		
Jennifer Smith	NP Housing					Х		
Jacqueline Deacon	Salvation Army							Х
Crystal Vigil	Salvation Army			Х				Х
Emma Petersen	RDAP						Х	
Pete Johnson	Mid-Plains Community College						Х	
Jamie Peters	Mid-Plains Community College						Х	
Ivan Mitchell	Great Plains Health					х		
Sarah White	Region II							Х
Samantha Byrns	Riverside Counseling							Х
Shelly Enyeart	WCDHD						Х	
Vicki Collins	Salvation Army							Х
Michelle Grier	The Connection							Х
Megan Harwager	Nebraska Children's Home Society							Х
Ashley Mathers	Department of Labor							Х
Kim Patch	RDAP							Х
Crystal Hoaglund	Salvation Army							Х
Anthony Bowers	Salvation Army							Х
Bruce Piersy	Boys Town							Х
Missie Seward	Community Action Partnership							Х
Irene Britt	Office of Public Guardian						1	Х
Fiona Libsack	Great Plains Health					х	1	Х
Jodi Sonneman	CASA						1	Х
Brandy Beachy	DHHS		1					Х
Lori Schoenholz	Great Plains Health		1					Х
Terri Dowling	Great Plains Health							Х

Cassie Sundstrom	Linden Estates			Х		
Pat Fiedler	Veterans Administration			Х		
Ivan Smith	Great Plains Health			Х		
Marlo Roberts	Community Connections				Х	
Gary Person	Chamber of Commerce			Х		
Shae Caldwell	Whitetail Screen Print				Х	
Danielle Remus	Nebraskaland Bank				Х	
Eric Seacrest	Mid-Nebraska Community Foundation			Х	Х	
Jenny Salestrom	United Way		Х			Х
Jenee Hill	Lotus Counseling				Х	



Collaboration works!!

"Never doubt that a small group of thoughtful committed citizens can change the world; indeed, it's the only thing that ever has."—Margaret Mead

Resources

- **1.** West Central District Health Department, The Community Health Assessment Report 2015-2017. North Platte, NE https://wcdhdorg.presencehost.net/file_download/inline/25a9a26f-c707-4c77-9106-2f6da3be0bd6
- 2. Healthy People 2020 https://www.healthypeople.gov/
- **3.** Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Public Health. The Nebraska State Health Improvement Plan 2017-2021. Lincoln, NE

http://dhhs.ne.gov/publichealth/Documents/SHIP%20Plan%20-%202017-2021.pdf

- 4. Performance Management Dashboard https://app.resultsscorecard.com/
- **5.** The Community Guide https://www.thecommunityguide.org/search/community%20ownership#topic=7614&page=1
- 6. County Health Rankings www.countyhealthrankings.org
- 7. Network of Care

www.networkofcare.org